

Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Tests English Grammar and Punctuation

Test Paper

| First Name |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Middle Name |  |  |  |  |
| Last Name |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Birth | Day |  | Month |  |
| School Name |  |  |  |  |
| DfE Number |  |  |  |  |

## Instructions

## Questions and Answers

You have 45 minutes to complete this test. There are different types of questions for you to answer in different ways. The space for your answer shows you what type of answer is needed. Write your answer in the space provided.

## Multiple-Choice Answers

For some questions, you do not need to do any writing. Read the instructions carefully so that you know how to answer each question.

## Short Answers

Some questions are followed by a line or a box. This shows that you need to write a word, a few words or a sentence.

## Marks

The number under each line at the side of the page tells you the maximum number of marks for each question.
You should work through the booklet until you are asked to stop. Work as quickly and as carefully as you can. If you finish before the end, go back and check your work.

You have 45 minutes to answer the questions in this booklet.

## Year 6 English, Grammar and Punctuation Test Paper

## 1. Insert commas in the correct places in the sentence below.

The cottage which had a brown door looked inviting and cosy.
2. The prefix dis- can be added to the root word believe to make the word disbelieve.

Tick the meaning of the word disbelieve.
Tick one.

3. Tick the correct box to show whether the underlined words are a noun phrase, a prepositional phrase or a main clause.

|  | noun <br> phrase | prepositional <br> phrase | main <br> clause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The spider scuttled across the living <br> room carpet. |  |  |  |
| Class 5 sold the homemade Christmas <br> decorations at the school fair. |  |  |  |
| Zia placed his new football trophy <br> beside his bed. |  |  |  |

4. Circle the correct verb form in each underlined pair to complete the sentences below.

At breakfast club, I noticed that Caleb and Noah was/were eating toast.

During the talent show, there was/were many amazing acts.

The athlete was/were exhausted at the end of the marathon.
5. Circle the word in the passage that contains an apostrophe for possession.

The concert is due to start at seven o'clock but we can't leave yet because mum's car keys are missing.
6. Insert a suitable punctuation mark after the fronted adverbial in this sentence.

Despite these facts people sometimes choose an unhealthy lifestyle.
7. Write a synonym in the box to replace the underlined word so that the sentence maintains its meaning.


The accident-prone man tried to dye his own grey hair; the results were disastrous.
8. Which of these sentences needs a question mark?

Tick one.
Strawberry is my favourite flavour $\square$
Get me an ice cream
What a fabulous ice cream this is
This is your favourite, isn't it $\square$
9. Rewrite the sentence below so that it is in the active voice. Remember to punctuate your sentence correctly.
The bird food was eaten by the naughty squirrel.
10. Complete the sentence below by writing the conjunctions from the box in the correct places. Use each conjunction only once.

> if because until
$\qquad$ the alarm rings, you should leave the building immediately
$\qquad$ it may be an emergency and not just a practice fire drill. You should stay in the playground $\qquad$ it is safe to return indoors.
11. Which two sentences use punctuation to show parenthesis?

From the supermarket, I purchased eggs, margarine and milk. $\square$ My granny's house, a detached bungalow, is at the bottom of Kelham Lane.

During the swimming lesson, we practised backstroke.


Many people - including most of his wives - thought Henry VIII was a tyrant.

12. Tick the adverb in the sentence below. Tick one.

The large angelfish swam past the aquarium window in the direction of the food.

13. Draw lines to match each sentence to its grammatical function.

One has been done for you.

14. Which sentence below is written in the past tense?

Tick one.
The war memorial is in the town centre. $\square$
The war was declared over in 1918. $\square$
Many people visit the memorial every year.


Veteran soldiers are well-respected in society.

15. Complete the sentence with a verb formed from the adjective real.

During the game of hide-and-seek, Tommy did not $\qquad$ that his friend was hiding right next to him behind the curtain.
16. Tick two boxes to show where the missing inverted commas should go.
 has brought a packed

17. Which sentence is written in Standard English? Tick one.

Sanjeev writed a fantastic speech for the school council election. Yesterday, the vote took place in the school hall. $\square$
The teachers was going to count the votes after school.


Four children is on the school council this year. $\square$
18. Tick one box in each row to show if the sentence is in the present progressive or the past progressive.

|  | Present <br> progressive | Past <br> Progressive |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Poppy was baking a cake for her mum's birthday. |  |  |
| The cake is rising nicely in the oven. |  |  |
| Poppy is arranging a surprise birthday tea. |  |  |

19. Replace the underlined words in the sentence with the correct pronoun to avoid repetition.
On Tuesday, the pupils visited the outdoor activity centre.
The pupils tried all of the activities the centre had to offer.

20. Which word class is the underlined word in the sentence below? Beneath the clouds, an eagle swooped down to pounce on its prey.

Tick one.
adverb $\square$
adjective

determiner

conjunction
21. Rewrite the sentence below, adding a subordinate clause. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

The restaurant was closed.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
22. Underline the object of the sentence below.

The hilarious clown threw the water.
23. Rewrite this sentence in the passive voice.

The star striker scored the winning penalty.
24. Which sentence uses the hyphen correctly?

Tick one.
There are fifty eleven year-olds in Year 6.


There are fifty eleven-year-olds in Year 6.
There are fifty-eleven year olds in Year 6.
There are fifty-eleven-year-olds in Year 6.

25. The prefix words in bold in these words are incorrect. Rewrite the words with the correct prefixes in the spaces provided.

26. Sort the words below into the correct word class columns:

| adverb | verb | adjective | noun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| inhale | lonely | happiness | vase |
| richest | anxiously | always | bought |

27. Explain how the placement of the commas changes the meaning in both of the sentences.
As the sun shone orange, people looked desperately for shade
As the sun shone, orange people looked desperately for shade.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
28. a. What is the name of the punctuation marks on either side of the words which was only in July in the sentence below?

Joe's holiday - which was only in July - seemed like a lifetime ago.
$\qquad$
b. What is the name of a different punctuation mark that could be used correctly in the same places?
$\qquad$
29. Which option completes the sentence in the present perfect?

Over the past year, the pupils $\qquad$ almost $£ 1$ million pounds for the local children's charity.

Tick one.
raised $\square$
have raised $\square$
had raised
are raising $\square$
30. Explain how the position of the apostrophe changes the meaning of the second sentence.

1. What are your friend's favourite hobbies?
2. What are your friends' favourite hobbies?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Read the sentence below. Circle the relative pronoun.

The headteacher, who has worked at the school for almost thirty years, is retiring in the summer term.
32. Draw a line to match each word to its correct antonym.

33. Tick the correct boxes to show whether the modal verbs in the sentences show certainty or possibility.

| sentence | certainty | possibility |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The swimmer may win the race. |  |  |
| The boy could get the certificate in assembly. |  |  |
| It might rain on the day of the barbecue. |  |  |
| Leona will play flute in the school orchestra. |  |  |

34. Tick one box to show where a semi-colon should go in the sentence below.


The barking dog frightened the postman he didn't deliver the parcel.
35. Write one sentence that lists everything Malik took on his school trip.

Make sure you use the correct punctuation.

## $\mathbb{M M M M M M M M \mathbb { M } \mathbb { M } \mathbb { M }}$

School trip list

- hiking boots
- anorak
- lunchbox
- wallet
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

36. Complete the sentence below so that it uses the subjunctive form.

If I $\qquad$ to become an inventor when I grow older, I hope I can find a way to travel through time.
37. Tick one box in each row to show whether the word before is used as a
subordinating conjunction or as a preposition.

| sentence | subordinating <br> conjunction | preposition |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Before lunchtime, we need to tidy up our <br> classroom. |  |  |
| George ate an entire bucket of popcorn <br> before he tucked into a bag of sweets. |  |  |
| Before she had chance to scream, the <br> mysterious creature suddenly leapt off into the <br> distance. |  |  |

38. Put the determiners a and an into the text below.

Colin the Clown is $\qquad$ very talented performer: he can ride $\qquad$ unicycle skilfully and he is also $\qquad$ expert in juggling.
39. Insert a colon in the correct place in the sentence below.

I have three favourite hobbies that I take part in at weekends ice skating, cheerleading and visiting the cinema.
40. Write a noun phrase containing at least three words to complete the sentence below. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly. were ready to get off the coach and begin their holiday.
41. Circle each word that should begin with a capital letter in the sentence below. the world's largest continent, asia, is also the home of the world's tallest mountain, everest.
42. What is the word class of the underlined words in the sentence below?

The boy is waiting for a bus while listening to music.
Tick one.
adjectives $\square$
adverbs

verbs

nouns $\square$
43. Complete each sentence below with a word formed from the root word solve. The sugar began to $\qquad$ in the hot cup of tea.
Gina was very proud that she had found the correct $\qquad$ to the tricky maths problem.
44. watch

Use the above word in two different sentences. Once as a noun and once as a verb. All punctuation must be used correctly.
(noun)
(verb) $\qquad$
45. Rewrite the underlined verb in the sentence below so it is in the present progressive.

Keisha searched for her lost phone.

46. Circle the adverb in the sentence below.

The avoidable accident was caused by people driving fast in icy conditions.
47. Rewrite the two sentences below as one sentence using an appropriate co-ordinating conjunction. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

Henry is allowed to come over to play video games. He can't stay for a sleepover.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
48. Underline the relative clause in the sentence below.

The cat that had been missing for three days was found safe and well in a neighbour's shed.

# Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Tests English Grammar and Punctuation 

Test Paper

## Mark Scheme

| Question <br> Number | Question and Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Insert commas in the correct places in the sentence below. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| G3 | The cottage, which had a brown door, looked inviting and cosy. |  |
| Notes: Award one mark for both of the commas in the correct position. <br> Grammar Focus: G3.1a - To demarcate relative clauses. |  |  |
| 2. | Tick the meaning of the word disbelieve. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| G6 | to not believe $\Omega$ |  |

Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick.
Grammar Focus: G6.2 - To recognise the meanings of verb prefixes.

| 3. | Tick the correct box to show whether the underlined words are a noun phrase, a prepositional phrase or a main clause. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G3 |  | noun phrase | prepositional phrase | main clause | 1 |
|  | The spider scuttled across the living room carpet. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | Class 5 sold the homemade Christmas decorations at the school fayre. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
|  | Zia placed his new football trophy beside his bed. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |

Notes: Award one mark for all three answers ticked correctly.
Grammar Focus: G3 - To recognise different types of phrases and clauses.

| 4. | Circle the correct verb form in each underlined pair to complete the sentences below. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G4 | At breakfast club, I noticed that Caleb and Noah waswere eating toast. <br> During the talent show, there wasweremany amazing acts. <br> The athlete was/yvere exhausted at the end of the marathon. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for all three answers circled correctly. Grammar Focus: G4.2 - To maintain tense consistency. |  |  |


| 5. | Circle the word in the passage that contains an apostrophe for possession. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G5 | The concert is due to start at seven o'clock but we can't leave yet because mum's car keys are missing. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correctly circled word. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.8 - To recognise the difference between apostrophes for possession and contraction. |  |  |
| 6. | Insert a suitable punctuation mark after the fronted adverbial in this sentence. |  |
| G5 | Despite these facts, people sometimes chose an unhealthy lifestyle. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for a correctly placed comma. Grammar Focus: G5.6b - To add commas after fronted adverbials. |  |  |
| 7. | Write a synonym in the box to replace the underlined word so that the sentence maintains its meaning. |  |
| G6 | Accept any word with a similar meaning to disastrous - catastrophic, terrible, tragic, etc. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for one correct word. <br> Grammar Focus: G6.1 - To know how words are related in form and meaning as synonyms. |  |  |
| 8. | Which of these sentences needs a question mark? |  |
| G2 | This is your favourite, isn't it | 1 |

Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick.
Grammar Focus: G2.2 - To know how the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function as a question.
Secondary Focus: G5.3 - To use question marks to punctuate question sentences (including those with question tags).

| 9. | Rewrite the sentence below so that it is in the active voice. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| G4 | The naughty squirrel ate the bird food. | $\mathbf{1}$ |

Notes: Award one mark for the exact sentence with the correct punctuation.
Grammar Focus: G4.4 - To use active and passive sentences.

| 10. | Complete the sentence below by writing the conjunctions from the box in the correct <br> places. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| G3 | If the alarm rings, you should leave the building immediately because it may <br> be an emergency and not just a practice fire drill. You should stay in the <br> playground until it is safe to return indoor | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Notes: Award one mark for all three words in the correct positions. |  |  |
| Grammar Focus: : G3.4 - To use a wide range of subordinating conjunctions appropriately. |  |  |
| G5 | Which two sentences use punctuation to show parenthesis? <br> Many people - including most of his wives - thought Henry VIII was a tyrant. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Notes: Award one mark for both correct ticks. |  |  |
| Grammar Focus: G5.9 - To identify brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. |  |  |

Notes: Award one mark for the correctly ticked box.
Grammar Focus: G1.6 - To recognise adverbs that express time, place and cause.

| 13. | Draw lines to match each sentence to its grammatical function. |
| :---: | :---: |
| G2 | How exciting this term has been |

Notes: Award one mark for all three correctly drawn lines.
Grammar Focus: G2 - To know how the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its grammatical function.


| 19. | Replace the underlined words in the sentence with the correct pronoun to avoid repetition. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G1 | The pupils tried all of the activities the centre had to offer. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for both correct words. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.5 - To use pronouns across sentences to aid cohesion and avoid repetition. |  |  |
| 20. | Which word class is the underlined word in the sentence below? |  |
| G1 | determiner $\downarrow$ | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.8 - To recognise determiners within sentences. |  |  |
| 21. | Rewrite the sentence below, adding a subordinate clause. |  |
| G3 | Award one mark for a grammatically correct sentence containing a subordinate clause and using correct punctuation, e.g. <br> The restaurant was closed because it was the middle of the night. <br> The restaurant, which served Italian food, was closed. <br> As the head chef was on holiday, the restaurant was closed. <br> Do not accept: <br> - punctuation errors <br> - responses that use a phrase instead of a subordinate clause, e.g. The restaurant was closed before five o'clock. <br> - responses that rewrite the sentence by adding another main clause with a co-ordinating conjunction, e.g. The restaurant was closed so they went to the fast food takeaway. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for a grammatically correct sentence. <br> Grammar Focus: G3.4 - To extend a sentence using a wider range of subordinating conjunctions. |  |  |
| 22. | Underline the object of the sentence below. |  |
| G1 | The hilarious clown threw the water. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correctly underlined word. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.9 - To recognise the subject and object of sentences. |  |  |



| 27. | Explain how the placement of the commas changes the meaning in both of the sentences. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G5 | Award one mark for an explanation of the meaning of both sentences, e.g. <br> The comma in the first sentence means that the sun shone orange. <br> The comma in the second sentence makes you think that the people are orange. <br> Also accept responses that are not written in full sentences. <br> Do not accept responses that discuss the function of the commas without fully explaining the effect on the meaning, e.g. <br> The placement of the comma in each sentence changes its meaning. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for an explanation of both sentences. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.6a - To explain the use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity. |  |  |
| 28a. | What is the name of the punctuation marks on either side of the words which was July in the sentence below? |  |
| G5 | Accept: dash or dashes | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.12 - To recognise single dashes. |  |  |
| 28b. | Rewrite this sentence in the active voice. |  |
| G5 | Accept: commas or brackets | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.9 - To use punctuation marks for parenthesis/relative clauses. |  |  |
| 29. | Which option completes the sentence in the present perfect? |  |
| G4 | have raised $\checkmark$ | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick. Grammar Focus: G4.1b - To use the present perfect form of verbs. |  |  |


| 30. | Explain how the position of the apostrophe changes the meaning of the second sentence. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G5 | Award one mark for a response that demonstrates understanding of the plural possessive apostrophe, e.g. <br> In the second sentence, it means that they are asking about more than one friend. <br> In the second one, it shows plural possession. <br> 1. One friend. 2. More than one friend. <br> Also accept responses that demonstrate understanding without referring to the second <br> sentence, e.g. <br> In the first sentence, there is only one friend being asked the question. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for an explanation that demonstrates an understanding. Grammar Focus: G5.8 - To recognise apostrophes used to mark plural possession. |  |  |
| 31. | Read the sentence below. Circle the relative pronoun. |  |
| G1 | The headteacher, who has worked at the school for almost thirty years, is retiring in the summer term. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct word being circled. Grammar Focus: G1.5b - To recognise relative pronouns. |  |  |
| 32. | Draw a line to match each word to its correct antonym. |  |
| G6 | timid | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for all four lines drawn correctly. Grammar Focus: G6.1 - Two words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms. |  |  |


| 33. | Tick the correct boxes to show whether the modal verbs in the sentences show certainty or possibility. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G4 | sentence | certainty | possibility | 1 |
|  | The swimmer may win the race. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
|  | The boy could get the certificate in assembly. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
|  | It might rain on the day of the barbecue. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
|  | Leona will play flute in the school orchestra. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| Notes: Award one mark for all four correct ticks. <br> Grammar Focus: G4.1c - To indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs. |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | Tick one box to show where a semi-colon should go in the sentence below. |  |  |  |
| G5 | The barking dog frightened the postman he didn't deliver the parcel. |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.11 - To use semi-colons to mark the boundary between independent clauses. |  |  |  |  |
| 35. | Write one sentence that lists everything Malik took on his school trip. Make sure you use the correct punctuation. |  |  |  |
| G5 | Award one mark for any grammatically-correct sentence that uses commas in a list, e.g. Malik took his hiking boots, an anorak, a lunchbox and his wallet on the school trip. |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer. Grammar Focus: G5.5 - To use commas in a list sentence. |  |  |  |  |
| 36. | Complete the sentence below so that it uses the subjunctive form. |  |  |  |
| G4 | were |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer. Grammar Focus: G4.3 - To recognise subjunctive forms. |  |  |  |  |


| 37. | Tick one box in each row to show whether the word before is used as a subordinating conjunction or as a preposition. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G1 | sentence | subordinating | preposition | 1 |
|  | Before lunchtime, we need to tidy up our classroom. |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
|  | George ate an entire bucket of popcorn before he tucked into a bag of sweets. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | Before she had chance to scream, the mysterious creature suddenly leapt off into the distance. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| Notes: Award one mark for all of the correct ticks. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.4 \& G1.7 - To understand the function of prepositions and conjunctions. |  |  |  |  |
| 38. | Put the determiners a and an into the text below. |  |  |  |
| G1 | Colin the Clown is a very talented performer: he can ride a unicycle skilfully and he is also an expert in juggling. |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for all of the correct words. Grammar Focus: G1.8 - To use the forms of 'a' and 'an' |  |  |  |  |
| 39. | Insert a colon in the correct place in the sentence below. |  |  |  |
| G5 | I have three favourite hobbies that I take part in at weekends: ice skating, cheerleading and visiting the cinema. |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for a correct placed colon. <br> Grammar Focus: G5.10 - To use a colon to mark the boundary to introduce a list. |  |  |  |  |
| 40. | Write a noun phrase containing at least three words to complete the sentence below. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly. |  |  |  |
| G3 | Award one mark for an appropriate noun phrase of three or more words inserted into the sentence, e.g. <br> The excited schoolchildren were ready to get off the coach and begin their holiday. <br> The exhausted travellers were ready to get off the coach and begin their holiday. |  |  | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for a correct answer. <br> Grammar Focus: G3.2 - To use expanded noun phrases for description and specification. |  |  |  |  |


| 41. | Circle each word that should begin with a capital letter in the sentence below. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G5 | The world's largest continent, Asia is also the home of the world's tallest mountain Everest. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for all three words circled. Grammar Focus: G5.1 - To use capital letters. |  |  |
| 42. | What is the word class of the underlined words in the sentence below? |  |
| G1 | verbs $\sqrt{ }$ | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for one correct tick. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.2 - To recognise verbs in a sentence. |  |  |
| 43. | Complete each sentence below with a word formed from the root word solve. |  |
| G6 | The sugar began to dissolve in the hot cup of tea. <br> Gina was very proud that she had found the correct solution to the tricky maths problem. | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for both correct words. <br> Grammar Focus: G6.4 - To create word families based on common words. |  |  |
| 44. | Use the above word in two different sentences. Once as a noun and once as a verb. All punctuation must be used correctly. |  |
| G1 | Award one mark for a correctly punctuated sentence that uses watch as a noun, e.g. <br> The grateful woman unwrapped the beautiful silver watch that she had received as a gift. <br> Award one mark for a correctly punctuated sentence that uses watch as a verb, e.g. <br> The pop star's fans had been queueing for hours to watch him perform. | up to 2 marks |
| Notes: Award one mark for each correct sentence. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.1 \& G1.2 - To use words which are both nouns and verbs in sentences. |  |  |
| 45. | Rewrite the underlined verb in the sentence below so it is in the present progressive. |  |
| G4 | is searching | 1 |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer. Grammar Focus: G4.1d - To use verbs in the present progressive form. |  |  |


| 46. | Circle the adverb in the sentence below. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| G1 | The avoidable accident was caused by people driving fast) in icy conditions. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer circled. <br> Grammar Focus: G1.6 - To recognise adverbs. |  |  |
| 47. | Rewrite the two sentences below as one sentence using an appropriate co-ordinating <br> conjunction. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly. |  |
| G3 | Henry is allowed to come over to play video games but he can't stay for a <br> sleepover. | $\mathbf{1}$ |

Notes: Award one mark for the correct answer.
Grammar Focus: G3.3 - To use co-ordinating conjunctions.

| 48. | Underline the relative clause in the sentence below. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| G3 | The cat that had been missing for three days was found safe and well in a <br> neighbour's shed. | $\mathbf{1}$ |

Notes: Award one mark for the correct underlined words.
Grammar Focus: G3.1a - To recognise relative clauses.

| Paper | Content domain reference | Number of marks | Percentage of total mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grammar | 30 | 43\% |
| Grammar E | Punctuation | 13 | 19\% |
|  | Vocabulary | 7 | 10\% |
| Spelling Paper | Spelling | 20 | 28\% |
| Total |  | 70 |  |

## Key Stage 2

National Curriculum Tests

## English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling

## Paper 2: Spelling


$\qquad$

1. The hungry boy poured himself a huge bowl of $\qquad$ .
2. Patrick drifted safely down to earth strapped to a $\qquad$ .
3. The talented magician performed an $\qquad$ that stunned everyone in the audience.
4. On his birthday, Malek was very $\qquad$ of all of his brother's presents.
5. In their science lesson, Class 3 learned all about how the $\qquad$ digested food.
6. Due to the low $\qquad$ today's weather forecast was not looking good.
7. After not revising, it was very $\qquad$ that Helena would fail her exam.
8. The car keys couldn't just $\qquad$ - where were they?
9. After winning the competition, the athlete was filled with $\qquad$ .
10. My grandma describes my little sister as a terrible $\qquad$ .
11. As I like maths, my chosen $\qquad$ is an accountant. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
12. During the race, I pulled a $\qquad$ in my left leg.
13. Due to the school play, the caretaker had to $\qquad$ the chairs 13. Due to the
in the hall.
$\qquad$
$\square$
14. Kelsey was very $\qquad$ while walking on the icy path.
$\square$ -••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
15. The husky dog pulled the $\qquad$ on the expedition.
$\qquad$
16. The gameshow contestants $\qquad$ before giving their answer.
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
17. In the famous myth, the evil king was a $\qquad$ and terrifying character.

## English

# Key Stage 2 <br> National Curriculum Tests 

## English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling

Administering and Marking the
English Paper 2: Spelling

## KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

## Using the Test Scripts

The spelling test should take approximately 15 minutes to complete, although you should allow pupils as much time as they need to complete it.

Please read out the instructions below.

Listen carefully to the instructions I am going to give you.
I am going to read 20 sentences to you. Each sentence has a word missing in your answer booklet.

You should listen carefully to the missing word and fill this in, making sure you spell it correctly.
I will read the word, then the word within a sentence, then repeat the word.
Do you have any questions?

Once pupils' questions have been answered, you should read the 20 spellings as shown on the following pages.

Leave at least a 12-second gap between spellings.
The target words may be repeated if needed.
The 20 spellings should be read as follows:
Give the spelling number
Say: The word is...
Read the context sentence
Repeat: The word is...
You should take care not to overemphasise spelling when reading out the words.

## KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Question } \\ \text { Number }\end{array}$ | Answer |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is cereal. } \\ \text { The hungry boy poured himself a huge bowl of cereal. } \\ \text { The word is cereal. }\end{array}$ |
| 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is parachute. } \\ \text { Patrick drifted safely down to earth strapped to a parachute. } \\ \text { The word is parachute. }\end{array}$ |
| 3 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is illusion. } \\ \text { The talented magician performed an illusion that stunned everyone in the audience. } \\ \text { The word is illusion. }\end{array}$ |
| 4 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is envious. } \\ \text { On his birthday, Malek was very envious of all of his brother's presents. } \\ \text { The word is envious. }\end{array}$ |
| 5 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is stomach. } \\ \text { In their science lesson, Class 3 learned all about how the stomach digested food. } \\ \text { The word is stomach. }\end{array}$ |
| 7 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is confidence. } \\ \text { After winning the competition, the athlete was filled with confidence. } \\ \text { The word is confidence. }\end{array}$ |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { The word is pressure. } \\ \text { Due to the low pressure, today's weather forecast was not looking good. } \\ \text { The word is pressure. }\end{array}$ |
| The word is disappear. |  |
| The word is disappear. |  |$\}$| The word is likely. |
| :--- |
| After not revising, it was very likely that Helena would fail her exam. |
| The word is likely. |

## KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

| Question <br> Number | The word is rogue. <br> 10 <br> My grandma describes my little sister as a terrible rogue. <br> The word is rogue. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 11 | The word is profession. <br> As I like maths, my chosen profession is an accountant. <br> The word is profession. |
| 12 | The word is muscle. <br> During the race, I pulled a muscle in my left leg. <br> The word is muscle. |
| 13 | The word is rearrange. <br> Due to the school play, the caretaker had to rearrange the chairs in the hall. <br> The word is rearrange. |
| 14 | The word is cautious. <br> Kelsey was very cautious while walking on the icy path. <br> The word is cautious. |
| 16 | The word is sleigh. <br> The charity was incredibly grateful for the generous donation. <br> The word is incredibly. |
| 16 |  |
| The husky dog pulled the sleigh on the expedition. |  |
| The word is sleigh. |  |

## KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

| Question <br> Number | Answer |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | The word is deceive. <br> The lying man was trying to deceive the unsuspecting customer. <br> The word is deceive. |
| 20 | The word is column. <br> Put a tick in the correct column in the table. <br> The word is column. |

## KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

If the pupil makes more than one attempt, it must be clear which answer the pupil wishes to be marked. If the pupil makes two or more attempts and it is not clear which is to be considered, the mark is not awarded.

The pupil can answer in upper or lower case, or a mixture of the two. The exception to this is for days of the week and months of the year, which must be written in lower-case letters with an initial capital letter for the award of the mark.

If the pupil has answered with the correct sequence of letters but has incorrectly inserted an apostrophe or a hyphen, the mark is not awarded.

If the pupil has answered with the correct sequence of letters but these have been separated into clearly divided components, with or without a dash, the mark is not awarded.

## Mark schemes and content domain references

| Question | Spelling | Mark | Content Domain Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | cereal | 1 | S61 - homophones and near homophones (Years 3 and 4) homophones and other words that are often confused (Years 5 and 6) |
| 2 | parachute | 1 | S49 - words with the /// sound spelt 'ch' |
| 3 | illusion | 1 | S45-endings that sound like / 3 ən/ |
| 4 | envious | 1 | S46-the suffix -ous |
| 5 | stomach | 1 | S48-words with the /k/ sound spelt ch |
| 6 | pressure | 1 | S44 - words with endings sounding like / 3 / or /t f / |
| 7 | likely | 1 | S43-the suffix -ly |

KS2 English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Test Paper 2

| 8 | disappear | 1 | S41-prefixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | confidence | 1 | S55 - words ending in -ant, -ance, -ancy, -ent, -ence, -ency |
| 10 | rogue | 1 | S50 - words ending with the /g/ sound spelt -gue |
| 11 | profession | 1 | S47 - endings that sound like $/ \mathrm{f}$ ən/, spelt -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian |
| 12 | muscle | 1 | S51-words with the /s/ sound spelt 'sc' |
| 13 | rearrange | 1 | S41-prefixes |
| 14 | cautious | 1 | S53 - endings which sound like /Jəs/ spelt -cious or -tious |
| 15 | sleigh | 1 | S52 - words with the /ei/ sound spelt ei, eigh or ey |
| 16 | conferred | 1 | S57-adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in -fer |
| 17 | malicious | 1 | S53 - endings which sound like /Jəs/ spelt -cious or -tious |
| 18 | incredibly | 1 | S56-words ending in -able and -ible words ending in -ably and -ibly |
| 19 | deceive | 1 | S58 - words with the /i:/ sound spelt ei after c |
| 20 | column | 1 | S60 - words with 'silent' letters (i.e. letters whose presence cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word) |
| Total |  | 20 |  |

